OLCF Best Practices

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Overview

- This presentation covers some helpful information for users of OLCF
  - Staying informed
  - Some aspects of system usage that may differ from your past experience
  - Some common errors
  - Common questions/Other tips on using the systems
- This is by no means an all-inclusive presentation
- Feel free to ask questions

Staying Informed

Staying Informed

- OLCF provides multiple layers of user notifications about system status and downtimes
  - OLCF Weekly Update
  - OLCF Status Page
  - Status indicators on olcf.ornl.gov
  - Opt-in email lists
  - Android/iPhone Apps
  - Twitter
- A summary of these items can be found at http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/kb_articles/communications-to-users/

Staying Informed-Weekly Update

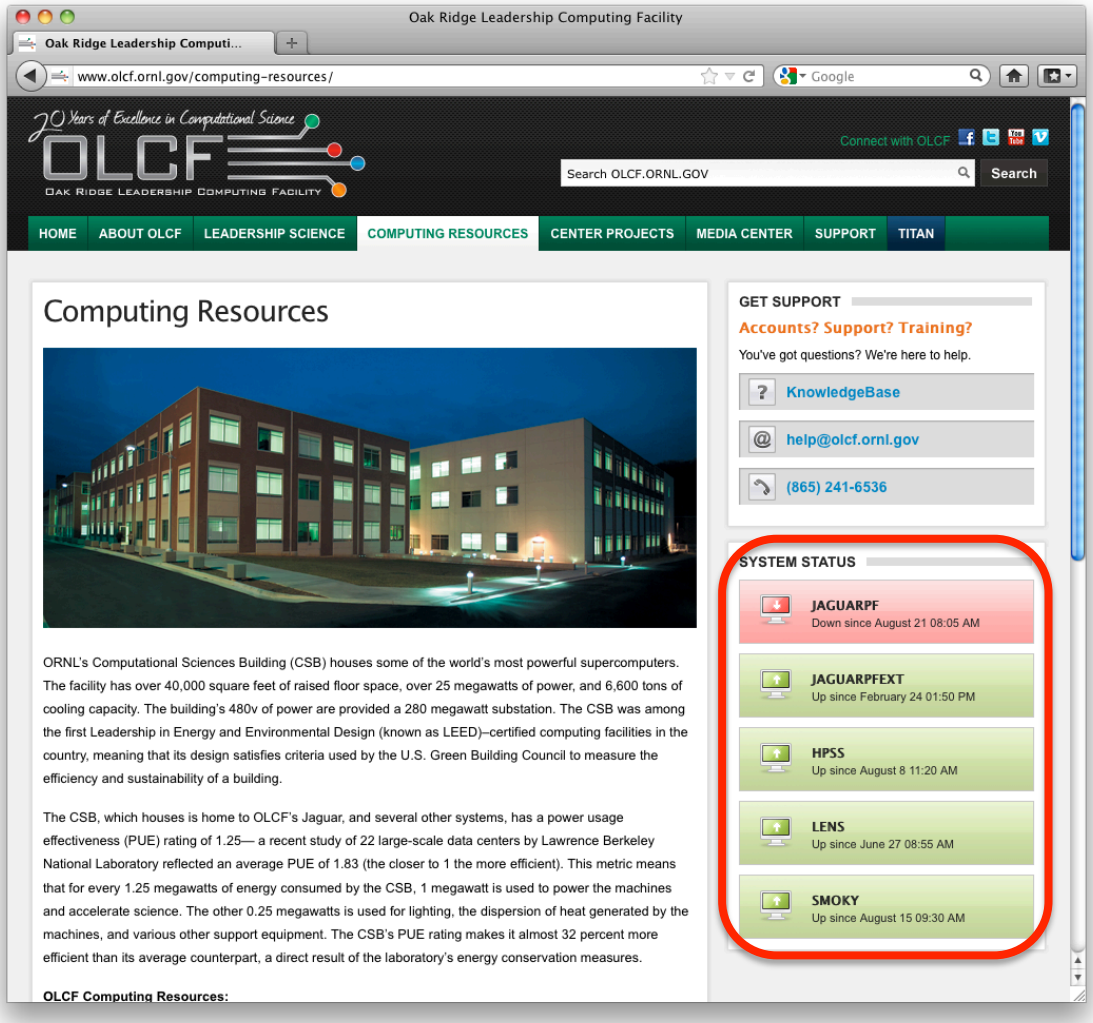
- Sent weekly on Thursday or Friday
- Contains several items
  - Announcements about upcoming training
  - Announcements about upcoming system changes
  - Planned outages for the next week
- **All OLCF users should receive this email**
  - Let us know (help@olcf.ornl.gov) if you're not receiving it!

Staying Informed-System Status

- Automated scripts parse logs from our monitoring software and make an educated guess as to system state
- This status is then sent to multiple destinations: websites, Twitter, smartphone apps, and email lists
- While this is fairly accurate, it is a fully automated process so there is a possibility of both false positives and false negatives.
  - We do take some measures to mitigate this

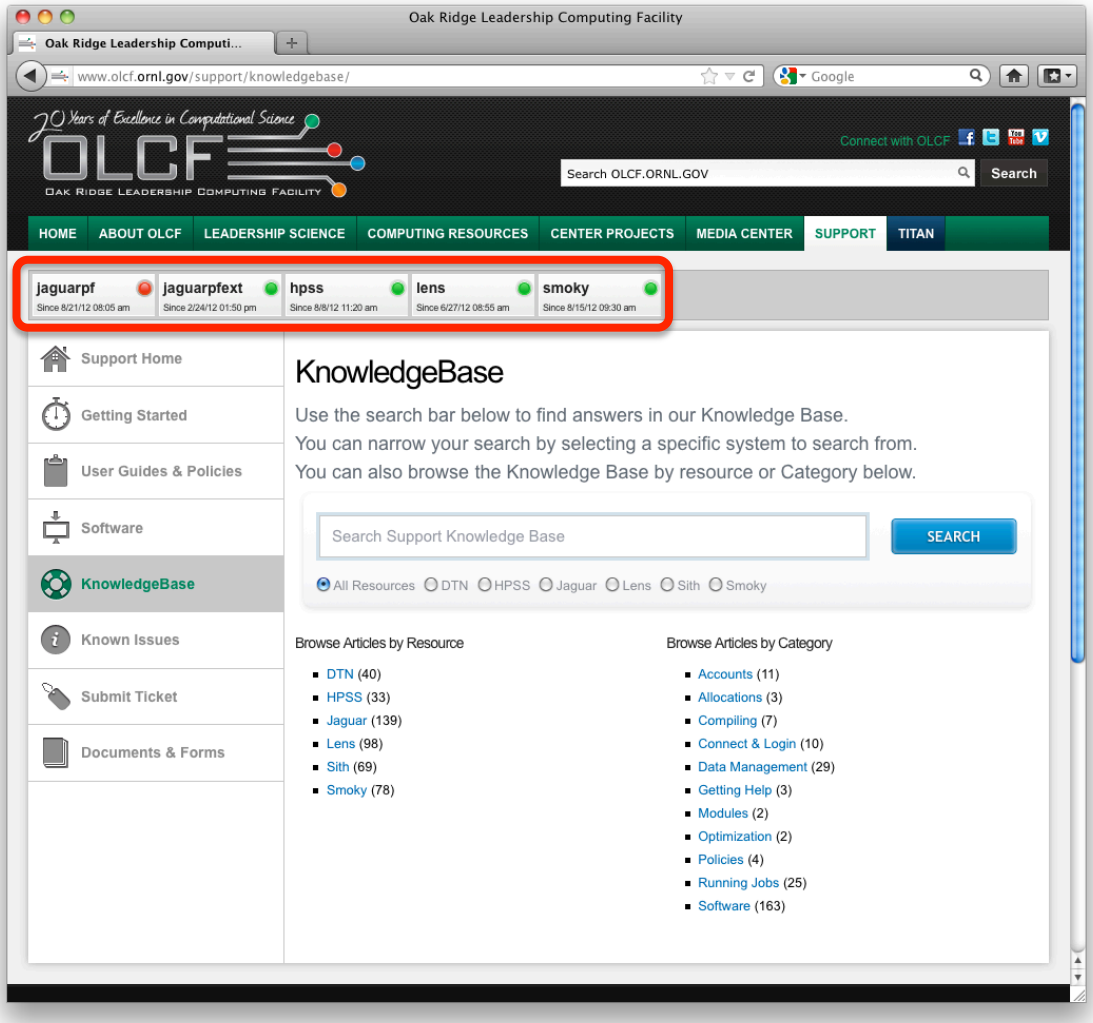
System Status-Websites

- Computing Resources tab of olcf.ornl.gov



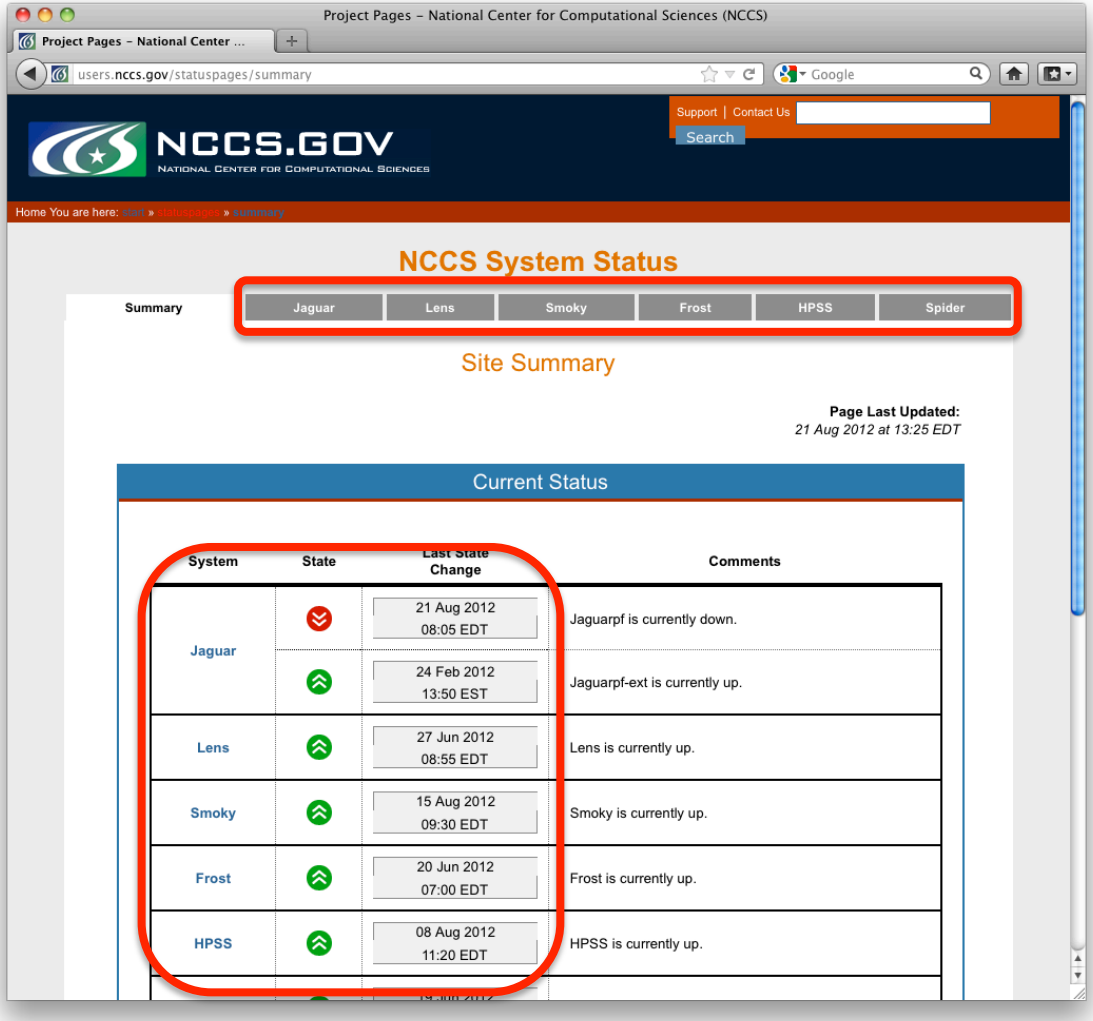
System Status-Websites

- Knowledgebase on olcf.ornl.gov



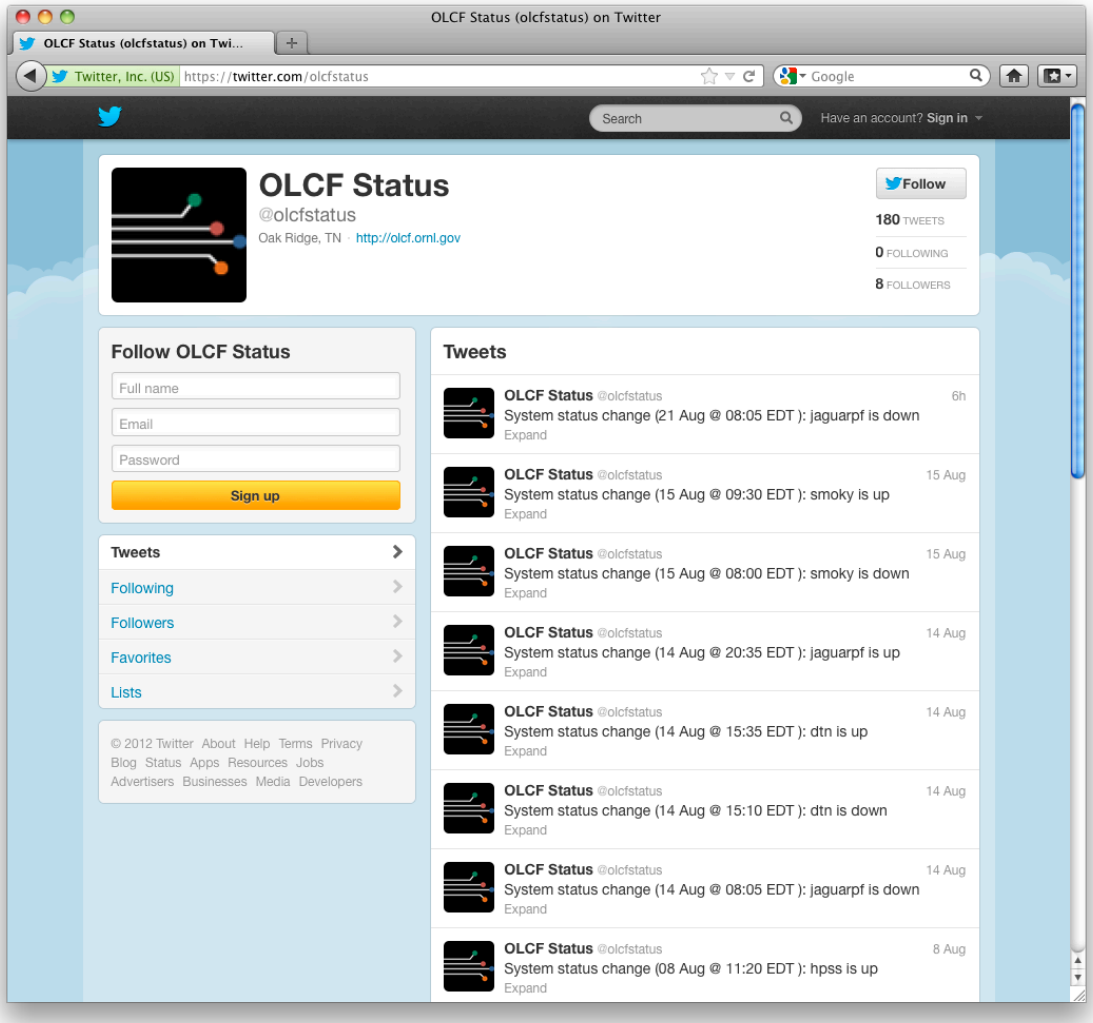
System Status-Websites

- Status Page on users.nccs.gov/statuspages/summary



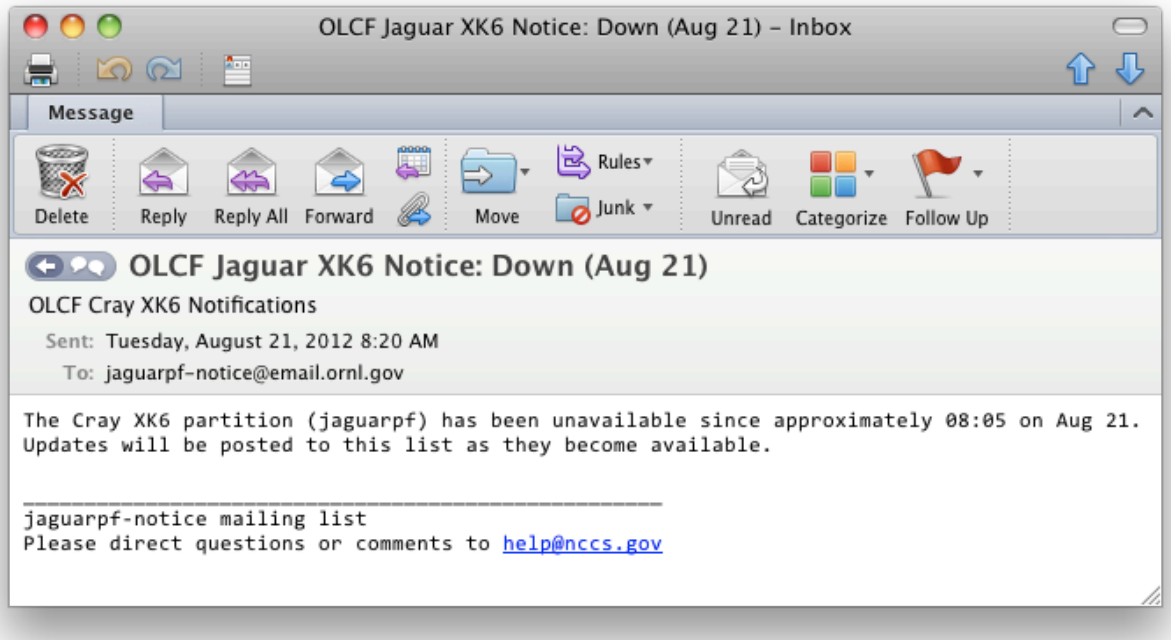
System Status-Twitter

- @OLCFStatus on Twitter



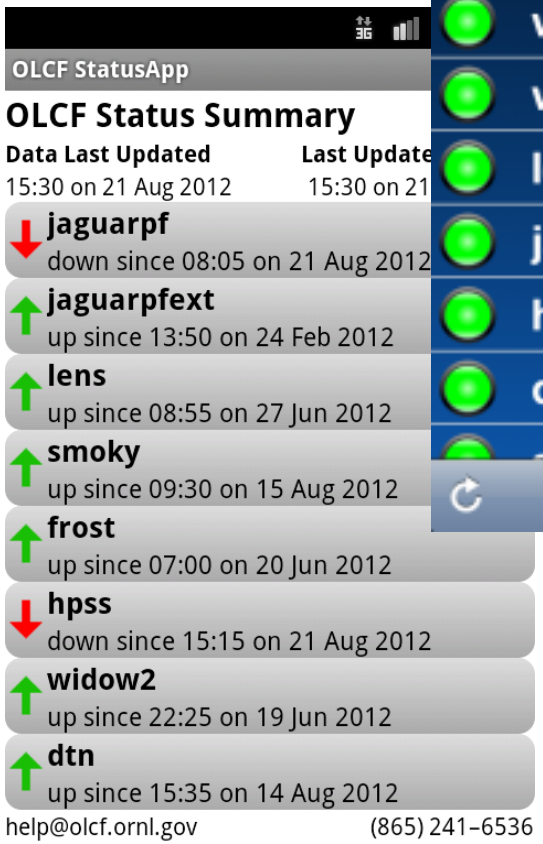
System Status-Email Lists

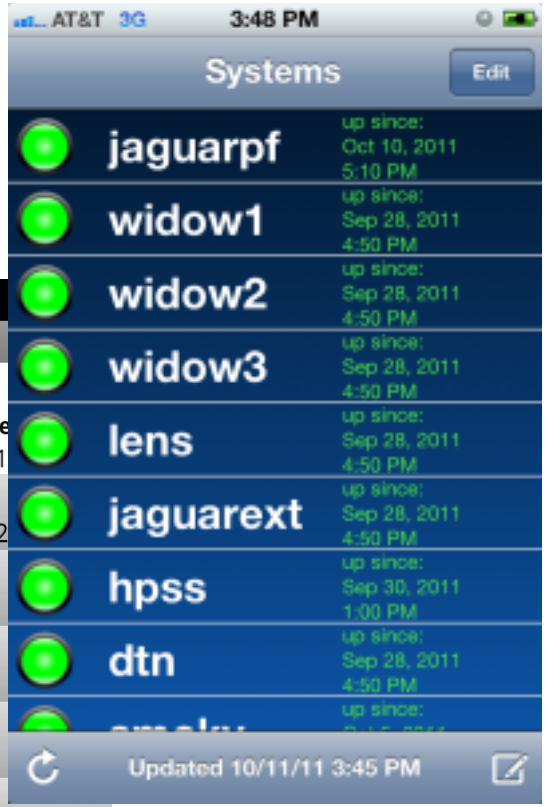
- We also send status up/down notices via email
- These are available on an opt-in basis
  - See http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/kb_articles/system-notification-lists/
  - Subscribe only to lists of systems of interest to you
- Other notices are sent to these lists, so you may want to sign up



System Status-Smartphone Apps

- System status apps are available for smartphones
  - Search for “OLCF StatusApp” in Google Play
  - Search for “OLCF System Status” in the iTunes Store
- Choose which systems you monitor
- Automated notifications of system changes
- Usage instruction on olcf.ornl.gov





Using the Systems at OLCF

- Software
- Compiling
- Common Error Messages
- Common Questions

Finding Software

- Some software is part of the default environment
  - Basic commands
  - Text editing utilities
- Larger packages are typically managed via the 'modules' utility
  - Software is actually installed in `/sw`
  - To list available software, use "`module avail`"
  - To use a package, use "`module load`"
  - More information is available on the OLCF website
- "Important" items, such as compilers, are also available via modules

Software Installation/Updating

- We are moving to a model of updates to software packages at certain intervals (or in the case of major revisions)
  - This means not all minor versions will be installed
  - We'll move towards adding build instructions on the website so that you can build minor revisions/slightly different versions
- Look for information on the OLCF website and via Weekly Update emails

Software Installation

- You are free to install software in your directories (including your project directory)
  - Subject to terms of license agreements, export control laws, etc.
- If you think a piece of software would be of general interest, you might ask us to install it for general use
  - Preferred method: http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/support/software/software-request/, but email to help@olcf.ornl.gov works, too.
  - This will be reviewed by our software council

Compiling At OLCF

- The compilers on the XT/XE/XK line of systems may differ (significantly) from your previous experience
- Combination of `xt-asyncpe` and `PrgEnv-?` modules
  - `xt-asyncpe` provides compiler wrapper scripts
  - `PrgEnv-?` loads modules for back-end compilers, math libraries, MPI, etc.
- Regardless of actual compiler being used (PGI, Intel, GNU), invoke with `cc`, `CC`, or `ftn`
- MPI, math, and scientific libraries included automatically
  - No `-lmpi`, `-lscalapack`, etc.
  - This can be challenging when dealing with some build processes

Compiling at OLCF

- You are actually cross-compiling…processors (& instruction sets) differ between login and compute nodes
  - *It is very important to realize this…utilities like "configure" often depend on being run on the target architecture, so they can be challenging to use on the XK6*
- Compiling for login/batch nodes is occasionally necessary
- There are three ways to do this
  - `module swap xtpe-interlagos xtpe-target-native`
  - Add `–target=native` to `cc`/`CC`/`ftn`
  - Call the compilers directly (e.g. `pgcc`, `pgf90`, `ifort`, `gcc`)

Common Runtime Errors

- `Illegal Instruction`
  - A code was compiled for the compute nodes but executed on login nodes
- `request exceeds max nodes alloc`
  - The number of cores required to satisfy the aprun command exceeds the number requested
  - Also happens when your request is correct, but at launch time a node is discovered to be down

Common Runtime Errors

- `relocation truncated to fit: R_X86_64_PC32`
  - The static memory used by your code exceeds what's allowed by the memory model you're using
  - Only the "small" memory model is available (static size >= 2GB)
  - Solution: use dynamic memory allocation to the greatest extent possible

Common Questions

- *Is my data backed up?*
  - NFS directories: Yes, to an extent. Take a look at `/ccs/home/.snapshot/`

```
$ ls /ccs/home/.snapshot
hourly.0  hourly.1  hourly.2  hourly.3  hourly.4  hourly.5
nccsfiler3(0151729160)_home.1  nightly.0  nightly.1
```

  - Lustre directories: No
  - HPSS: No. While you might use it as a backup of your directories, HPSS itself is not backed up. If possible, it's a good idea to have another level of backup at some other site.

Common Questions

- *What project am I on, and what's its allocation?*
  - Use showproj to list your projects
  - Use showusage to display utilization
  - Both commands have a "help" option…run them with –h for usage info

```
$ showproj

brenaud is a member of the following project(s) on jaguarpf:
  stf007

$ showusage

jaguar usage in CPU hours:
                                  Project Totals          brenaud
 Project      Allocation        Usage    Remaining          Usage
________________________|_____________________________|_____________
 stf007          600001   |   562227.60      37773.40  |    12968.42
 stf007de1       500000   |        0.00     500000.00  |        0.00
```

Common Questions

- *What happens when my project overruns its allocation?*
  - Most importantly, we do **not** disable the project…jobs simply run at lower priority
    - If slightly over allocation (100-125%), jobs have a 30-day priority reduction
    - If well over (>125%), jobs have a 365-day priority reduction
  - This allows a degree of "fairshare" while still allowing people to run when the system is quiescent
- *My project has lost X hours due to system issues…can I get that time reimbursed?*
  - Since we don't disable projects for going over allocation, we also don't deal with refunds *per se*
  - If many jobs are affected, the priority reduction can be delayed. This is basically a refund but is much easier to manage.

Common Questions

- *I changed permissions on `/tmp/work/$USER`, but they changed back…why?*
  - Permissions in the lustre filesystem are controlled by settings in our accounts database
    - These settings only affect the top-level permission
    - Permissions are automatically (re-)set regularly
  - Most users can request they be changed
    - Send email to help@olcf.ornl.gov
    - Note that you need to email us to change them "back"
      - Of course, you can always just `chmod` everything under the top-level directory
  - We can't change permissions on directories associated with sensitive data

Important Support Systems at OLCF

- HPSS
  - Mass storage system
  - Accessed via hsi & htar
- dtn01/dtn02
  - Data Transfer Nodes
  - Preferred system for handling data transfer
- http://www.olcf.ornl.gov
  - Technical info, user guides, knowledgebase, known issues, forms, etc.
- https://users.nccs.gov
  - Project information, usage, etc.

Data Storage Practices

- HPSS is the proper location for long-term storage
- Project areas (NFS and lustre) offer a common area for shared data files, executables, but should not be considered long-term storage
  - Need to keep an eye on disk usage
  - Should still be backed up
- User scratch areas are intended for use during computations
  - Regularly purged
  - Store files to HPSS as soon as practicable
  - File cleanup is important

Dealing With the Scratch Purge- Conditional Transfers

- Many codes use files from previous iterations of the code
- Sometimes, needed files can be deleted by the scratch purge
- This can present challenges:
  - Pulling from HPSS every time is inefficient
  - Multiple scripts (one that assumes data is there, one that transfers data) are cumbersome
  - Using `touch` to preserve a file when you won't really need it for weeks isn't ideal
- Conditional transfers help with this (i.e. check for file's existence and transfer only if it's not there)

Conditional Transfer

```
#!/bin/bash
...
if [[ ! -a /tmp/work/brenaud/some_important_file ]];
then
 hsi -q get /home/brenaud/data/some_important_file
fi

aprun -n 4096 ./a.out
...
```

Interacting with HPSS

- HPSS is a somewhat complex system
- HPSS prefers a small number of large files and not a large number of small files-`htar` is your friend in this regard
  - `htar` is (much) faster than a `tar` followed by `hsi put`
  - Limited disk space is no problem…data is streamed directly to HPSS so there is no "intermediate" local storage
- Running many transfers at a time can be problematic
  - Multiple transfers may not give you parallelism
  - Limiting the number of per-user transfers helps the system operate more efficiently (& therefore can be more efficient for you)
- Usage examples are on the OLCF web site

Running Jobs at OLCF

- Batch job information is available on the OLCF Web Site
- Due to our designation as a “leadership-class” facility, queuing policy heavily favors large jobs
- Special requests for temporary high priority/quick turnaround are considered
  - Don’t wait on an answer to submit your job…many times jobs start more quickly than expected
  - Allow plenty of lead time when making a request…discussion may be necessary prior to a decision on approval

Running Jobs at OLCF

- From a user perspective, titan has three major parts
  - The system proper
  - External login nodes
  - MOAB server
- Often, only the system proper is affected by outages
  - External login nodes and the MOAB server node remain up
  - This means you can compile/submit jobs/etc while titan is down
  - Jobs will be queued and will run when the system returns

Debugging/Optimization at OLCF

- Several software tools are provided for debugging and optimizing your applications
  - DDT
  - Vampir
  - CrayPAT
- Information on these tools is available on the web; you can also contact the OLCF User Assistance Center if you have questions

Support Best Practices

- Send as many error messages as possible
  - Or, place them all in a file and direct us to it
- When sending code, create a .tar file & tell us where it is
  - More efficient than sending through email
- When possible, reduce error to a small reproducer code
  - We can assist with this
  - If the error has to go to the vendor, they'll want this
- Send new issues in new tickets, not replies to old ones

Finally…

- We're here to help you
- Questions/comments/etc. can be sent to the OLCF User Assistance Center
  - 9AM – 5PM Eastern, Monday-Friday exclusive of ORNL holidays
  - help@olcf.ornl.gov
  - (865) 241-6536